

ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

~~A—~~An electromagnetic field analyzer includes a division-into-element portion
~~(22)that~~ divides form data as an analysis object into coarse elements and fine elements.
A prolongation matrix forming portion ~~(25)~~forms a prolongation matrix ~~making~~defining
an electromagnetic field vector of the coarse elements divided by the division-into-
element portion ~~(22)~~—related to an electromagnetic field vector of the fine elements.
Then, an approximate value calculation portion ~~(28)~~—and an approximate solution
correction portion ~~(29)~~—calculate an approximate solution of the electromagnetic field
vector of the fine elements by applying an iteration method of simultaneous linear
equations while referring to the prolongation matrix. Accordingly, it becomes possible to
perform an electromagnetic field analysis at high speed by using a multi-grid method
using a non-nested mesh.